

**Lucas  
County  
Juvenile  
Court  
Toledo, Ohio**

**1989  
Annual  
Report**

To: Honorable James Holzemer  
Honorable Alfred Hawkins  
Honorable Sandy Isenberg  
Lucas County Board of Commissioners

Geno Natalucci-Persichetti, Director  
Ohio Department of Youth Services

Citizens of Lucas County,

In compliance with Section 2151.18 of the Ohio Revised Code, I submit herewith, my final Annual Report as Judge of the Lucas County Court of Common Pleas, Juvenile Division, covering the calendar year 1988. It shows the number and types of cases that have come before the Court and various data and information pertaining to the operations that are of interest to you.

My term as Judge has been fulfilling and I wish to thank all of those who have supported me over the years. It is my hope that the Court has impacted the community and families in a positive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "James Ray". The signature is written in black ink and is positioned above the printed name.

JAMES A. RAY, Judge

**LUCAS COUNTY JUVENILE COURT**  
429 Michigan Street  
Toledo, Ohio 43624

**1989 Annual Report**

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## **HIGHLIGHTS FOR 1989**

- \* James A. Ray was sworn in by retiring Judge Andy Devine as the new Juvenile Division Judge.
- \* Ellen Jones was appointed to the position of Chief Referee.
- \* The Court's commitments to the Ohio Department of Youth Services rose from 249 (1988) to 362 (1989) -- a 45% increase.
- \* Certifications more than doubled from 8 to 17.
- \* The overall Court caseload increased 16% -- from 21,771 (1988) to 25,340 (1989).
- \* The war on drugs was being waged both on the national and local levels.
- \* Drug offense adjudications increased 67% -- from 136 (1988) to 227 (1989).
- \* Weapon offenses increased 25% -- from 56 (1988) to 70 (1989).
- \* Detention bookings increased 15% -- from 4,061 (1988) to 4,691 (1989).
- \* Total detention days increased 13% -- from 25,848 (1988) to 29,271 (1989).
- \* The detention center was over population 319 days in 1989 compared to 72 days during 1988.
- \* Drugs, especially crack/cocaine, were having a devastating effect on the Court's caseload and resources.
- \* In May, Phase III construction began on Family Court Center which included interior partitions, finishes, electrical, heating and air conditioning.
- \* Downtown site analysis completed for Treatment Center. Included was preliminary analysis and costs of renovating YMCA building.

## JAMES A. RAY

On January 3, 1989, James A. Ray was sworn in by former Juvenile Judge Andy Devine as the Juvenile Division Judge. The ceremony took place in the lobby of the Family Court Center before the judge's wife, two sons, two of his three brothers and their spouses, court staff, supporters, and well-wishers.

Born on April 25, 1920, in Richaland Center, Wisconsin, the third of four boys. He resided in Wauzeka, Wisconsin, and graduated from Wauzeka High School. He attended St. Olaf College in Northfield, Minnesota, and graduated in 1962 with a degree in history. He entered the Luther Theological Seminary in St. Paul, Minnesota, in 1962 and graduated in 1966. He assumed pastoral duties in Edmore, Michigan, and at the Faith Lutheran Church in Toledo. During his stay at Faith Lutheran, he entered the University of Toledo - College of Law as a part-time student in 1971 and graduated in 1975. He followed in the footsteps of an older brother who was also an attorney.

He spent a few months as House Counsel for the Lucas County Children Services Board upon graduation from law school. As he puts it, "ever since I was in law school, I wanted to be a referee at the Juvenile Court". A friend who was a referee at the court convinced Judge Andy Devine to take a chance on the ex pastor/new law school graduate when an opening occurred in 1976.

In 1985, he was appointed to the newly created position of Administrator of Legal Services and in 1986 was named the Chief Referee succeeding Louis Fulop who had retired. When Judge Devine announced in 1988 that he was retiring from the bench, James Ray was given the nod by the Lucas County Democratic party to run for the vacant seat. Although it was his first attempt at running for elective office, he ran unopposed for the position and garnered the largest vote tally of any other candidate on the county-wide ballot.

To some, it would appear that a set of unusual circumstances would have to occur for a person to go from the pulpit to the bench in just a few years. The turning point for 1984 when Judge Devine sent Referee Ray to the Family Judicial College sponsored by the National Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges in Reno, Nevada. "I discovered that I was as capable as anyone to do the job and unless or until I get the chance to make a difference, I am going to be frustrated", he told Judge Devine upon his return.

Judge Ray was married to the former Barbara Lang in 1965, and they have two sons - Nathan, who attend American University in Washington, D.C.; and Joel, who is attending in father's alma mater St. Olaf College in Northfield, Minnesota.

## **ADMINISTRATION**

On January 5, 1977, by act of the Ohio Legislature, the Lucas County Family Court was abolished and the Court of Common Pleas of Lucas County was expanded by adding a Juvenile Division and a Domestic Relations Division.

Both Divisions inherited the judges, staffs and offices in The Family Court Center at 429 Michigan Street in Toledo, Ohio, formerly assigned to The Lucas County Family Court.

The establishment of a separate, distinct Juvenile Division within the Common Pleas judicial system is an acknowledgement of the specialization and greater community emphasis on juvenile justice.

The Juvenile Division, under the leadership of the Juvenile Division Judge Andy Devine, is divided into the following administrative departments:

1. Business/Fiscal
2. Child Study Institute
3. Probation Services
4. Legal Services
5. Clerical Services

Judge James A. Ray appointed Ellen Jones to serve as Chief Referee. The Administrative Staff appointed by his predecessor, Judge Andy Devine, remained in tact:

Dan Pompa - Court Administrator  
Keith Zeisloft - Assistant Court Administrator  
Lawrence P. Murphy - Administrator of C.S.I.  
Deborah Hodges - Administrator of Probation Services  
Frank Landry - Business Manager  
Patricia Balderas - Administrator of Clerical Services

## **REFEREE DEPARTMENT**

All cases filed in the Juvenile Division are assigned to the Juvenile Court Judge. Direct responsibility for each case is delegated by the Judge to Court Referees. The Attorney Referees, under the supervision of the Chief Referee, adjudicate and dispose cases assigned to them in the form of a recommendations to the Judge.

Due to the legal complexity of juvenile law, Referees are assigned to hear specific cases. The separation of case type are as follows:

- \* Delinquency (including Traffic and Status);
- \* Dependency, Neglect and Abuse; and
- \* Parentage.

This system allows the Referee to utilize specific knowledge concerning the area of law and procedure to guarantee that the right to due process is protected.

During 1989, a total of 25,340 cases were disposed. This represents an increase of 3,569 cases or 16.4% from 1988.

### **BUSINESS/FISCAL**

The Business Office is under the supervision of the Business Manager. The Business Manager is responsible for: budget preparation and control; payroll; financial reports and records for state and federally subsidized projects; support and collections; purchasing and procurement of equipment and supplies; contracting for services and building maintenance.

The budget must be prepared annually and be approved by the Board of County Commissioners. Funds are budgeted separately for the Juvenile Court and the Child Study Institute.

**1989 JUVENILE COURT EXPENDITURES**

Salaries (Officials)	\$ 13,920.72
Salaries (Employees)	2,809,397.66
Supplies	95,513.94
Postage	39,913.95
Equipment	33,329.23
Motor Vehicles	3,054.48
Contract Repairs	17,175.82
Contract Services	58,698.57
Rentals	135,944.64
Travel	41,589.58
Expenses - Foreign Judges	222.18
Per Diem - Foreign Judges	1,933.38
Advertising and Printing	1,499.27
Witness Fees	16,569.70
Transcripts	10,268.75
Child Support	361,326.33
Title IV-D	61,738.00
Other Expenses	13,372.25
Telephones	32,526.13
FICA	11,636.25
PERS	389,941.16
Insurance	<u>437,914.69</u>
TOTAL	\$4,587,486.68
1987 EXPENDITURES (+7.1% increase)	\$4,281,630.62

**1989 CHILD STUDY INSTITUTE EXPENDITURES**

Personal Salaries	\$1,392,562.29
Supplies	143,043.07
Equipment	10,378.20
Contract Repairs	2,119.32
Contract Services	4,498.50
Travel	2,064.96
Psychiatric Residence	0.00
Medical Fees	6,653.36
Other Expenses	782.54
Telephones	5,088.91
FICA	4,703.00
PERS	173,457.26
Insurance Group	<u>176,456.47</u>
TOTAL	\$1,922,307.88
1988 EXPENDITURES (9% increase)	\$1,768,947.94

**1989 JUVENILE COURT COLLECTIONS**

Support of children maintained in private residential care, foster homes, and group homes.	\$ 29,114.09
State subsidy for education.	2,886.82
Juvenile Clerk (Court costs, fines, motions, witness fees, forfeited bonds, and investigations.)	300,841.93
Reimbursement for Court Appointed Attorneys	65.00
United States Department of Agriculture school lunch program.	62,689.28
IV-D Reimbursement (Parentage)	305,430.08
Blood Testing Fees	20,118.00
Single-County Detention Subsidy	150,000.00
Custody Investigations	5,300.00
Interest Income	3,296.23
Miscellaneous	<u>970.80</u>
TOTAL	\$ 880,712.23
Other Revenue - 510 State Subsidy	\$ 806,759.00
Indigent Care	\$ 158,417.00
1988 COLLECTIONS	\$ 713,802.91

## JUVENILE JUSTICE ADVISORY BOARD

The Juvenile Justice Advisory Board (JJAB) consists of seventeen (17) members: Eight (8) appointed by the Juvenile Judge; eight (8) appointed by the Board of County Commissioners; and one (1) appointed at large by the Board. Their primary goal is to advise the Court in the development of an annual youth services plan in accordance with the objectives of the 510 Ohio Youth Services Plan. This annual funding is provided through the Ohio Department of Youth Services to assist Juvenile Courts in developing and/or expanding prevention, diversion, and non-secure treatment services/programs.

The 510 Subsidy Allocation for Fiscal Year 1990 (July 1, 1989 to June 30, 1990) was \$806,759.00.

The following projects were funded:

- \* Jerusalem Outreach Center;
- \* Staff training;
- \* Juvenile Restitution Program;
- \* Chemical Abuse Reduced Through Education and Services (CARES);
- \* Parental Substance Abuse Counseling (Parents Helping Parents);
- \* Treatment Services Planning for Serious and Chronic Offenders;
- \* Residential Placements;
- \* Salem Outreach Program; and
- \* Intensive Supervision.

## **CASA/CRB**

The Court Appointed Special Advocates (CASA) and the Citizens Review Board (CRB) are both under the direction of Irene Nugent.

The CASA and Citizen Review Board Programs faced many new challenges in 1989. The implementation of Senate Bill 89 was the primary reason for many changes. Both programs' purposes remained constant, but the responsibilities have expanded considerably.

According to S.B. 89, the CASA/GAL are to be appointed when available and appropriate before an attorney would be appointed. This segment of the law certainly validates the credibility of the CASA. The CASA now works under tighter time constraints which has put pressure on them as well as the staff.

The Citizen Review Board members devoted much more time to meeting as a result of S.B. 89 requirements. The boards also have the added responsibility of holding hearings on cases when all parties are not in agreement with the case plan, or the CRB may disapprove of the plan.

The CASA/CRB department expanded it's staff to three full time and three part time employees to accommodate the increased workload. The CASA department now appoints the attorneys who serve as GAL when a CASA is not available.

A CASA/CRB Advisory Board oversees the operations of these programs and makes recommendations to the Juvenile Court Judge on program operations.

## **COURT APPOINTED SPECIAL ADVOCATES (CASA)/GUARDIAN AD LITEM (GAL)**

Court Appointed Special Advocates (CASA) are trained citizen volunteers serving as Guardian ad Litem (GAL) who represent youth in dependency, neglect or abuse cases. A GAL is a person appointed by the Juvenile Court to advocate for the best interest of the child. These advocates investigate a child's social and emotional background and advise the Court concerning their recommendations.

The program goal is to ensure that a child's right to a safe, permanent home is acted on in a sensitive and expedient manner. The GAL follows the case to it's satisfactory conclusion with the child's best interest in mind at all times.

The CASA program was developed and established in 1980.

### **1989 CASA ACTIVITY**

New CASAs Trained	35
New Referrals	162
Number of Volunteer Hours	18,109
Total Cases	317

## CITIZENS REVIEW BOARD (CRB)

The purpose of the Juvenile Court Citizens Review Board is to review the status of each child in the care or custody of a public or private agency to determine that a plan for a permanent, nurturing environment exists and that the agency is working toward achieving this plan. Review Board members receive extensive training with regard to state statutes governing child welfare, information concerning child placement and Review Board policies and procedures. The four six-member Boards each meet twice monthly.

Reviews are held sixty days and one year after placement, although the Review Boards may request a review on a case whenever they deem it necessary. The Board can:

- \* Approve a treatment plan;
- \* Request additional information from a caseworker through an update;
- \* Request an appearance from a caseworker;
- \* Request a revision of the plan; and
- \* Request a Court hearing.

### 1989 CITIZENS REVIEW BOARD ACTIVITY

Case Plan/Administrative Reviews	702
Case Plan/Annual Reviews	529
Amended Case Plan Only	409
Annual Review Hearings	94
Terminations	381
Protective Supervision	<u>142</u>
Total Reviews	2,257
1988 Total Reviews	2,677
Volunteer Hours	1,500

## PROBATION SERVICES

A major reorganization occurred in Probation Services during 1987. As a result of the implementation of a new classification system, both staff and service delivery was reorganized. This occurred as an effort to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of Probation Services by more accurately identifying youth who are most likely to recidivate. It also reallocated department resources according to the different levels of risk and needs of youth.

The Management Information System was developed in order to begin a systematic collection of consistent data on probation referrals and to provide monthly management and caseload data to probation personnel.

The total number of intakes increased 12% -- from 976 (1988) to 1,089 (1989). At the same time, terminations decreased 13% -- from 857 (1988) to 744 (1989).

### Probation Services organizational structure:

- \* Administration
- \* Intake
- \* District Unit 1
- \* District Unit 2
- \* Intensive Supervision Unit (ISU)
- \* Management Information
- \* Substance Abuse Services
- \* Programs
  - \* Chemical Awareness Program (CAP)
  - \* Diversion Program
  - \* Juvenile Restitution Program (JRP)
  - \* Placement Services
  - \* Structural Family Counseling
  - \* Volunteer Probation Officers (VPOs)
  - \* Sexual Offender Treatment (SOT)

**1989 PROBATION SERVICES ACTIVITY**

**INTAKE UNIT**

1) Assessment Reports	828
2) Social History Investigations	128
3) Certification Reports	25
4) Department of Youth Services Reports	<u>108</u>
TOTAL	1,089
1988 TOTAL	976

**CASE ASSIGNMENTS**

Number Assigned	<u>890</u>
* High Level	422
* Regular Level	295
* Low Level	130
* Divert	43
1988 ASSIGNMENTS	848

**CASES TERMINATED**

Number Terminated	744
1988 TOTAL	857

## **COURT PROGRAMS**

Over the years, the Juvenile Court has worked in partnership with the citizens of Lucas County to create programs aimed at substance abuse, intensive family therapy, restitution, sex offenders, and serious juvenile offenders.

It is the Court's belief that juvenile delinquency is a community problem that can best be addressed within the community. It is also a belief that delinquency is related to the breakdown of family functioning and the use of alcohol and other chemical substances.

Over the years, this Court has tried to implement that very strategy, creating new programs to meet new challenges and matching troubled youth with the services they require. Each program, in its own way, implements a philosophy based on personal accountability, public safety, community involvement, and treating the family as an integral part of both the problem and the solution. In the end, successful treatment results in a social improvement to the community.

## **INTENSIVE SUPERVISION UNIT (ISU)**

The Intensive Supervision Unit (ISU) was developed to address the need for specific interventions and control with some very different groups of juvenile offenders. Given Risk/Need assessment and classification tools, it is possible to enhance the effectiveness of traditional probation services by placing those youth represent the highest level of risk, and posing the greatest threat to the community, under strict supervision. The ISU has a much stronger emphasis on control, surveillance, and accountability than traditional probation.

The objectives of the Intensive Supervision Unit are:

- \* To provide community based daily supervision of high risk offenders who would otherwise be incarcerated or placed in out-of-home placements;
- \* To strictly monitor the daily activities of each program participant to assure a high level of community safety;
- \* To develop an individual treatment plan for each participant and to closely monitor its implementation;
- \* To have a consistent framework and means to consequence client behavior not socially acceptable; and
- \* To evaluate the effectiveness of this combination of treatment and surveillance approach to supervision in terms of cost effectiveness, recidivism, and community reaction.

**1989 ISU ACTIVITY**

Number of Youth Considered	179
Number of Youth Accepted	55
Number of Youth Terminated	<u>54</u>
* Successful	29
* Unsuccessful	25
Number of Surveillance Contacts	16,659

**JUVENILE RESTITUTION PROGRAM (JRP)**

The cornerstone of the accountability philosophy of the Court, the Restitution Program completed it's twelfth year of operation.

JRP holds youth directly responsible financially for the loss and/or damages they have caused. Based on financial ability, the youth either pays the debt, works on a program work crew to earn the money or a combination of both. The restitution owed by each youth is determined through a loss verification process conducted with the victim.

A unique aspect of the program is the operation of supervised work crews. A wide variety of community service projects are completed by these crews at area parks, schools, and public service agencies.

Since 1977, the program has terminated 7,757 cases, returned \$749,417.88 in restitution to victims, and has had youth complete 241,077 hours of public service work. Since it's inception, 96% of the youth referred have fulfilled the term of their restitution obligation.

**1989 JUVENILE RESTITUTION PROGRAM ACTIVITY**

Referrals in 1988	1,118
Cases Terminated	968
Cases Successfully Completed	924 (97.5%)
Amount of Restitution Recovered	\$110,348.59
Public Service Hours Completed	25,947

## DIVERSION

The Diversion Program offers the judicial staff a viable option to handle first time minor misdemeanors. Based on the overall Court philosophy of accountability, offenders attend a series of educational classes to earn the right to have their charge(s) dismissed upon successful completion.

With the implementation of the Probation Classification System, it also provides an effective alternatives to probation for low risk, low need offenders who have scored out as "Divert". These sole-sanctioned youth are terminated from probation supervision once the program requirements have been met.

Since it's inception, a total of 3,103 youth have been referred to the Diversion Program.

### 1989 DIVERSION PROGRAM ACTIVITY

Official Referrals	297
Number of Terminations	330
Successful Terminations	315 (95%)
Unsuccessful Terminations	15 (5%)

## STRUCTURAL FAMILY COUNSELING

In keeping with the philosophy of keeping families together by building on their strengths, Probation Services has been training their counselors to learn structured family therapy techniques since 1981.

With the purchase of audio-visual equipment and installation of one-way glass in one of the department's interviewing rooms, live supervision and taping of sessions are done with no distractions to the family. Tapes are critically reviewed in training sessions at Catholic Social Services by Dr. Stephen Greenstein, a Philadelphia consultant. The tapes are reviewed not only at the training sessions, but also by Probation staff at regularly scheduled meetings within the department.

The counselors learn though the review how to expand, improve and acquire new skills and techniques in counseling families. The focus is on family structure as the context for planned, problem-oriented therapy. From these sessions, counselors learn how to read, join, and restructure family systems.

The goal to have a core staff proficient in the area of family counseling so that they may train their fellow counselors.

## 1989 STRUCTURAL FAMILY COUNSELING ACTIVITY

Number of Families Referred	**
Number of Families Assigned	**
Number of Families Terminated	**

### PLACEMENT SERVICES

Placement Services has existed as an adjunctive treatment available for delinquent youth since the early 1940's. It's main function, the temporary out-of-home placement for Court involved youths to treat issues related to delinquent behavior, has remained consistent throughout the years. The means and methodology of accomplishing those goals and staff responsibilities have varied over the years. It is the intention and expectation that out-of-home placement is a temporary episode which will end when treatment planning goals and objectives for family and youth have been met.

A Placement Committee screens all cases for possible placement and makes appropriate recommendations to Probation Officers, Court Referees, and the Judge. Every ninety (90) days in placement, cases are reviewed to assure that goals and services are coordinated and family reunification will occur in a timely manner.

The Lucas County Interdepartmental Cluster Services to Youth is mandated in each Ohio county by Ohio Revised Code Section 121.37. The local cluster exists to assure that a continuum of quality services is available to youth with severe and multiple problems. The Placement Coordinator served as the Cluster Executive Director during 1988.

### 1989 PLACEMENT SERVICES ACTIVITY

Total Youth in Residential Placement	143
Purchased Services Days	12,898
Total Per Diem Costs	\$926,814.74*
Total Youth in Day Treatment	64
Total Per Diem Costs	\$80,430.91*
Total Number of Youth in Placement	207
Total Per Diem Costs	\$1,007,245.65*
* Costs exclude travel, clothing, medical, etc.	
Number Shared Funding with Other Agencies	5
Number Referrals to Cluster	16
Number of Referrals to State Cluster	2

## **SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES**

The Juvenile Court in 1988 began the formal process of designing a comprehensive substance abuse program. This would include family intervention provided through the process of:

- \* Identification;
- \* Assessment;
- \* Education; and
- \* Referral.

Through networking with community service providers, various services are offered on a consistent basis to families with varying emphasis based upon the needs of a particular family. The key to success is individualized treatment planning.

The objectives set forth by the unit included:

- 1) To decrease the likelihood of alcohol and other drug use by youths referred to the Juvenile Court;
- 2) To improve family/parental knowledge of drug and alcohol use/abuse with special attention given to empowering parents to set effective limits for their children;
- 3) To help improve parent/child communication; and
- 4) Initiate community support for families identified to be in need.

In June of 1989, the LCJC contracted with Abbott Laboratories to install the ADX drug testing device to perform on-site analysis.

## **CHEMICAL AWARENESS PROGRAM (CAP)**

The Chemical Awareness Program (CAP) is a fifteen (15) hour comprehensive drug/alcohol education program. The program provides information about the pharmacological effects of alcohol and chemicals and the disease of alcoholism. Family intervention plans are determined by assessment through a combination of family, parent, and adolescent group sessions. Parents are required to attend all sessions with their child. The sessions are under the direction of Court personnel with various community agencies facilitating some sessions.

## **INDIGENT CARE**

With the assistance of a federal anti-drug grant awarded to the Court in 1988, St. Anthony Villa opened a new twelve (12) bed primary care chemical dependency unit. The unit targets indigent males who are in need of in-patient care. The grant has a four year life cycle.

**1989 SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES ACTIVITY**

Assessments	494
CAP Referrals	227
CAP Terminations	<u>191</u>
* Successful	179
* Unsuccessful	12

**VOLUNTEER PROBATION COUNSELOR PROGRAM (VPC)**

The Volunteer Probation Counselor Program is designed to encourage concerned citizens to assist in the supervision of youth on probation. The program, which was developed in 1971, recognizes the fact that volunteers can be a valuable resource in the overall treatment of juvenile offenders.

Volunteers and student interns generally work with low risk offenders. All VPCs must participate in orientation and training classes before being assigned a probationer. In addition, ongoing training is provided to all volunteers.

Volunteers establish weekly contact with the probationer to monitor behavior at home, school and in the community. In addition, they counsel and/or resolve difficulties that may develop while the youth is on probation.

**1989 VOLUNTEER PROBATION COUNSELOR PROGRAM ACTIVITY**

Total Number of New Referrals	46
Total Number of Cases Terminated	49

**SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT PROGRAM (SOT)**

In responding to this concern and the need to intervene and treat adolescent sex offenders early on, the members of the Lucas County Juvenile Court's Sex Offender Treatment Program, which began the treatment component of the program in January 1988, adopted the following Treatment Goals:

- 1) Each adolescent sex offender needs a complete individualized assessment and treatment plan.
- 2) Each sex offender needs to (a) accept responsibility for the offenses in which he has been involved and (b) have an understanding of the sequence of thoughts, feelings, events, circumstances, and arousal

stimuli that make up his "offense syndrome" that precedes his involvement in sexually aggressive behaviors.

- 3) Each sex offender needs to learn how to (a) intervene in or break into his offense pattern at its very first sign and (b) call upon the appropriate methods, tools, or procedures he has learned in order to suppress, control, manage, and stop the behavior.
- 4) Each sex offender needs to engage in a reeducation and resocialization process in order to (a) replace anti-social thoughts and behaviors with pro-social ones, (b) acquire a positive self-concept and new attitudes and expectations for himself, and (c) learn new social and sexual skills to help cultivate positive, satisfying, pleasurable, and non-threatening relationships with others.
- 5) Each high risk, residential sex offender needs a prolonged period during his treatment when he can begin to test safely his newly acquired insights and control mechanisms in the community, without the potential for affronting or harming members of the wider community.
- 6) Each sex offender needs access to a post-treatment group for assistance in maintaining a safe lifestyle.

#### **1989 SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT PROGRAM ACTIVITY**

Number of Referrals	43
Number of Assessments Completed/Staffed	34
Number of SOT Groups	7
Number of Individuals in Group	27
Number of Group Sessions	61
Number of Individual Sessions	211
Number of Family Sessions	59
Number of Parent Support Sessions	12

## **COMMUNITY PROGRAMS**

The Court utilizes a number of community based programs, many of which the Juvenile Court was instrumental in developing.

The **Jerusalem Outreach Program** meets a need in the central city area of Toledo for a single organization to provide community based, multiphase services at a centralized area for Court involved youth. The center works with youth and their families in the areas of academic tutoring, counseling, value clarification, health care, and peer relationships.

The **Salem Outreach Program** is patterned after the Jerusalem Outreach Program and it services north Toledo youth and their families.

The **Mountain Mentor Program** is a project sponsored by the Euclid Methodist Church. It includes the preparation and involvement of a two week backpacking trip to the White Mountains of New Hampshire. Each participant is assigned a "mentor", a carefully selected adult role model who has previously committed to work with their young person for one year.

Mountain Mentors was awarded the "Outstanding, Unique, and Innovative Project of 1987" by the National Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges.

**Parental Substance Abuse Counseling (Parents Helping Parents)** is a support group system for parents. The purpose of the program is to strengthen and reinforce parents in their struggle to preserve the family unit and to deal with problems stemming from unacceptable behavior and/or chemical dependency.

The Court has a number of other services operated by non-profit, school and mental health agencies at its disposal.

## **CHILD STUDY INSTITUTE**

The Child Study Institute (CSI) provides temporary detention for children between the ages of 8 - 18. The function of the CSI is two-fold:

- 1) To provide temporary secure detention for children under the jurisdiction of the Court who require detention pending the disposition of their cases;
- 2) To conduct psychological and psychiatric evaluations of children in order to help and advise the Court regarding disposition of their cases.

The capacity of CSI is 74 single bed rooms, 48 for boys and 26 for girls. Detainees are classified according to sex and whether they are first or repeat offenders.

Children who enter CSI are given a physical examination upon admission. Health records are kept on each child and medical and dental care are provided as needed. A pediatrician visits CSI daily and nurses are on duty or on call at all times.

A complete educational program is a service provided in the CSI. The school is fully accredited for grades 1 - 12 and is part of the Toledo Public School system. The staff consists of four certified teachers, one of whom also serves as a principal. Each teacher concentrates on the basics of education and attempts to raise low achievers to their appropriate grade level through remedial instruction.

Gym and physical activities are available to all who are approved by the Medical Clinic. Ceramic classes are held twice a week and the CSI staff is trained to organize a variety of games and craft projects within the detention setting.

Spiritual needs are addressed by the Juvenile Court Chaplaincy Program. Catholic and Protestant services are held on Saturday or Sunday, and Jewish services as needed.

The League of City Mothers has been actively involved with the CSI since the 1930s by contributing funds toward the purchase of equipment and by organizing special activities.

**1989 JUVENILE COURT  
STATISTICAL & CASELOAD DATA**

**TOTAL NUMBER OF CASES DISPOSED**

Delinquency/Unruly	8,356
Traffic Complaints	6,880
Change of Disposition/Review	1,786
Child Abuse	271
Contributing/Neglect	1,019
Custody/Visitation	501
Dependency/Neglect	831
Parentage	3,643
Reciprocal	1,767
Other	112
Consent to Marry	8
Out-of-County Runaway	<u>89</u>
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>25,340</b>

1988 Total - 21,771  
(16% increase)

## JUVENILE STATISTICS - 1989

### VOLUME

Juvenile offenses disposed of in 1989 totaled 8,445, an increase of 1,588 cases or 23% from 1988.

Of the 8,445 cases, 6,269 or 74% included boys and 2,176 or 26% included girls as compared to 5,075 or 74% for boys and 1,782 or 26% for girls in 1988.

### INDIVIDUAL YOUTH/SEX

A total of 4,435 individual youth (except Out-of-County Runaway) appeared in Court during 1989. This compares to 3,914 individual youth who appeared in 1988, an increase of 521 youth or 13%.

Of the 4,435 individual youth, 3,021 or 68% were boys, and 1,414 or 32% were girls as compared to 2,742 or 70% for boys and 1,172 or 30% for girls in 1988.

### FIRST OFFENDERS VS. REPEATERS

Of the 4,435 individual youth who appeared in Court during 1989, 2,616 or 59% appeared for their first offense and 1,819 or 41% were repeat offenders. The following breakdown occurs:

	<u>FIRST OFFENDERS</u>	<u>REPEATERS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Boys	1,652 (55%)	1,369 (45%)	3,021
Girls	<u>464</u> (68%)	<u>450</u> (32%)	<u>1,414</u>
Total	2,616 (59%)	1,819 (41%)	4,435

The percentage is virtually unchanged from 1988.

**DELINQUENCY VS. UNRULY**

Of the 8,445 cases for 1989, 6,518 or 77% were delinquent cases and 1,927 or 23% were unruly cases. This compares to 1988, when 80% of the cases were delinquency and 20% were status.

**RACE PER OFFENSE (Excludes Out-of-County Runaways)**

	<u>CAUCASIAN</u>	<u>AFR.-AMERICAN</u>	<u>HISPANIC</u>	<u>OTHER</u>
Boys (6,224)	3,087 (50%)	2,702 (43%)	403 (7%)	32 (<1%)
Girls (2,132)	1,191 (56%)	810 (38%)	126 (6%)	5 (<1%)
Total (8,356)	4,278 (51%)	3,512 (42%)	529 (6%)	37 (<1%)

These figures represent a decrease in Caucasians of 6%, an increase in African-Americans of 5%, and no change in Hispanics from the 1988 breakdowns.

**AGE RANGE OF INDIVIDUAL CHILDREN (Excludes Out-of-County Runaways)**

	<u>YEARS</u>	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	6	1 (<1%)	0	1 (<1%)
	7	10 (<1%)	1 (<1%)	11 (<1%)
	8	12 (<1%)	1 (<1%)	13 (<1%)
	9	30 (01%)	6 (<1%)	36 (01%)
	10	63 (02%)	8 (01%)	71 (02%)
	11	76 (03%)	25 (02%)	101 (02%)
	12	132 (04%)	62 (04%)	194 (04%)
	13	239 (08%)	130 (09%)	369 (08%)
	14	410 (14%)	237 (17%)	647 (15%)
	15	546 (18%)	322 (23%)	868 (20%)
	16	609 (20%)	300 (21%)	909 (21%)
	17	625 (21%)	253 (18%)	878 (20%)
	18	213 (07%)	55 (04%)	268 (06%)
	Over 18	13 (<1%)	2 (<1%)	15 (<1%)
	Total	2,979	1,402	4,381
Average Age 1989		15 yr 1 mth	15 yr 1 mth	15 yr 1 mth
Average Age - 1988		15 yr 2 mth	15 yr 1 mth	15 yr 2 mth
Median Age - 1989		15 yr 11 mth	15 yr 8 mth	15 yr 10 mth
Median Age - 1988		16 yr 0 mth	15 yr 9 mth	15 yr 11 mth

**SOURCE OF REFERRALS - ALL OFFENSES**  
**(Excludes Out-of-County Runaways)**

	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Parents/Relatives	221	236	457
Probation Officers	6	1	7
Law Enforcement Officers	5,139	1,440	6,579
Other Courts	20	6	26
Schools	350	234	584
Social Agencies	11	14	25
Parole Officers	1	0	1
Victims	456	197	653
Other Sources	<u>20</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>24</u>
Total	6,224	2,132	8,356

**COMMITMENTS TO OHIO DEPARTMENT OF YOUTH SERVICES**

	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Committed	255	28	283
Recommitted	<u>77</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>79</u>
Total	332	30	362

During 1989, the Court committed 362 youth as compared to 249 youth who were committed during 1988, an increase of 113 or 45%.

**CERTIFICATIONS - 1989**

A total of 17 youth were certified to the Court of Common Pleas - General Division during 1989. This compares to 8 in 1988.

**Number of Charges Per Individual**

1 Charge	6 Individuals
2 Charges	6 Individuals
3 Charges	1 Individual
4 Charges	3 Individuals
5 Charges	0 Individuals
6+ Charges	<u>1</u> Individual

TOTAL 17

**OFFENSES**

1 \* Aggravated Murder  
1 \* Murder  
2 \* Attempted Murder  
6 Felonious Assault  
1 Complicity to Felonious Assault  
4 Aggravated Robbery  
1 Robbery  
2 Arson  
6 \*\* Aggravated Trafficking  
4 \*\* Trafficking  
1 \*\* Drug Abuse  
5 Auto Theft  
1 Grand Theft  
3 Receiving Stolen Property  
2 Vandalism  
1 Escape  
1 Possession of Criminal Tools  
1 Resisting Arrest

43 TOTAL OFFENSES

\* A total of 3 youth were certified for murder offenses.

\*\* A total of 5 youth were certified for drug offenses

**TREND FOR PAST FIVE YEARS**

	<u>1985</u>	<u>1986</u>	<u>1987</u>	<u>1988</u>	<u>1989</u>
Committed to Ohio Department of Youth Services	218	257	251	249	362
Certified	1	2	7	8	17

**JUVENILE OFFENSES - 1989**

**ROBBERY/THEFT**

	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Auto Theft	46	7	53
Aggravated Robbery	7	0	7
Robbery	17	2	19
Aggravated Burglary	51	3	54
Burglary (B&E)	105	2	107
Forgery	7	2	9
Grand Theft	137	39	176
UUMV	135	22	157
Misuse of Credit Cards	2	1	3
Receiving Stolen Property	336	21	357
Petty Theft	202	142	344
Unauthorized Use of Property	9	4	13
Complicity	119	10	129
Attempt	47	4	51
Other Theft	<u>192</u>	<u>122</u>	<u>314</u>
1989 Totals	1,412	381	1,793
1988 Totals	1,109	234	1,343

**SEX**

	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Rape	3	0	3
Sexual Battery	0	0	0
Criminal Sexual Conduct	0	0	0
Gross Sexual Imposition	27	0	27
Sexual Imposition	9	0	9
Soliciting	1	8	9
Public Indecency	3	1	4
Other Sexual Offenses	<u>6</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>6</u>
1989 Totals	49	9	58
1988 Totals	46	4	50

**INJURY TO PERSON**

	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Aggravated Assault	12	6	18
Felonious Assault	31	3	34
Neg. Assault	3	0	3
Assault	191	90	281
Kidnaping	0	0	0
Child Stealing	0	0	0
Involuntary Manslaughter	0	0	0
Voluntary Manslaughter	1	1	2
Unlawful Restraint	0	0	0
Vehicular Homicide	1	1	2
Domestic Violence	82	49	131
Aggravated Murder	2	0	2
Murder	2	0	2
Abduction	1	0	1
Other Injury to Person Offenses	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
1989 Totals	326	150	476
1988 Totals	258	104	362

**STATUS**

	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Truancy	214	184	398
Runaway	66	123	189
Deporting	41	278	319
Ungovernable	349	26	375
Other Status Offenses	<u>5</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>21</u>
1989 Totals	675	627	1,302
1988 Totals	467	471	938

**DRUG**

	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Aggravated Trafficking	42	2	44
Trafficking	14	0	14
Drug Abuse	134	8	142
Possession of Drugs	5	1	6
Counterfeit Drugs	2	0	2
Drug Paraphernalia	15	3	18
Sale of Drugs	1	0	1
Other Drug Offenses	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
1989 Totals	213	14	227
1988 Totals	122	14	136

**ALCOHOL**

	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Consuming	35	11	46
Open Container	7	1	8
Possession/Use of Intoxicants	24	12	36
Prohibitions	20	5	25
Purchasing	18	6	24
Misrepresentation	2	0	2
Sale to Minor	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct (Intoxicants)	19	4	23
Sale of Intoxicants	1	1	2
Other Alcohol Offenses	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
1989 Totals	126	40	166
1988 Totals	129	50	179

**PROPERTY DAMAGE**

	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Aggravated Arson	1	0	1
Arson	12	1	13
Vandalism	33	3	36
Criminal Damage	201	9	210
Tampering with Coin Machine	<u>4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4</u>
1989 Totals	251	13	264
1988 Totals	177	26	203

**OTHER DELINQUENT OFFENSES**

	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
CCW	65	5	70
Cruelty to Animals	4	0	4
Disorderly Conduct	281	101	382
Discharging Firearms	2	0	2
Disrupting School Act	0	0	0
Failure to Secure Dangerous Ordinance	4	0	4
Littering	4	0	4
Criminal Mischief	15	5	20
Possession of Criminal Tools	16	0	16
Possession of Weapon	9	0	9
Violation of Fireworks Ordinance	1	0	1
Criminal Trespassing	148	32	180
Eluding	0	0	0
Escape	15	3	18
Failure to Comply with Police	0	0	0
False Alarm	3	5	8
Falsification	7	4	11
Fleeing	0	0	0
Interfering with Custody	6	3	9
Loitering	7	1	8
Aggravated Menacing	54	3	57
Menacing	29	17	46
Obstructing	24	11	35
Deporting	2	2	4
Other Weapon Offenses	6	0	6
Resisting Arrest	105	29	134
Riot	0	0	0
Telephone Harassment	4	3	7
Curfew	15	4	19
Safe School Ordinance	217	58	275
Other Delinquent Offenses	<u>36</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>49</u>
1989 Totals	1,079	299	1,378
1988 Totals	831	219	1,050

	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1987 SUBTOTAL ADJUDICATED OFFENSES	4,131	1,533	5,664
1988 SUBTOTAL ADJUDICATED OFFENSES	3,139	1,122	4,261
1989 DISMISSED/DIVERSION	200	98	298
1988 DISMISSED/DIVERSION	500	238	738
1989 DISMISSED	1,838	499	2,337
1988 DISMISSED	1,127	321	1,448
1989 MARKED OFF DOCKET	0	1	1
1988 MARKED OFF DOCKET	1	0	1
1989 NOLLE PROSEQUI	55	1	56
1988 NOLLE PROSEQUI	266	61	327
1989 OUT-OF-COUNTY RUNAWAY	45	44	89
1988 OUT-OF-COUNTY RUNAWAY	42	40	82
1989 TOTAL OFFENSES	6,269	2,176	8,445
1988 TOTAL OFFENSES	5,075	1,782	6,857

**CHILD STUDY INSTITUTE POPULATION DATA - 1989**

	<u>BOYS</u>	<u>GIRLS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Total Detained	1,576 (46%)	635 (50%)	2,211 (47%)
Total Not Detained	<u>1,846</u> (54%)	<u>634</u> (50%)	2,480 (53%)
1989 Total Residents Booked	3,422	1,269	4,691
1988 Total Residents Booked	2,886	1,175	4,061

Delinquent	2,953 (86%)	864 (68%)	3,817 (81%)
Unruly	386 (11%)	395 (31%)	781 (17%)
Traffic	83 (02%)	10 (01%)	93 (02%)

<u>Age</u>			
7	1	0	1
8	7	0	7
9	11	1	12
10	22	2	24
11	66	6	72
12	119	41	160
13	305	124	429
14	502	283	785
15	687	356	1,043
16	843	260	1,103
17	841	194	1,035
18 and over	<u>18</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>20</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>	3,422	1,269	4,691

Average Age - 1989	15 yr 2 mth	14 yr 11 mth	15 yr 1 mth
Median Age - 1989	15 yr 11 mth	15 yr 6 mth	15 yr 11 mth

Boys Average Daily Population	52.1 (1988 - 45)
Girls Average Daily Population	<u>19.2</u> (1988 - 18.3)

CSI Average Daily Population	71.3 (1988 - 63.3)
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Boys Total Detention Days	21,341 (1988 - 18,257)
Girls Total Detention Days	<u>7,930</u> (1988 - 7,591)

CSI Average Total Detention	29,271 (1988 - 25,848)
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Boys Days Over Population	319 (1988 70)
Girls Days Over Population	0 (1988 - 2)

**LUCAS COUNTY JUVENILE COURT**

**1989 COURT STAFF**

**COURT STAFF - 1989**

**JUDGE**

HONORABLE JAMES A. RAY

**COURT ADMINISTRATOR**

Dan Pompa

**ASSISTANT COURT ADMINISTRATOR**

Keith Zeisloft

**ADMINISTRATOR OF CLERICAL SERVICES**

Patricia Balderas

**BUSINESS MANAGER**

Frank Landry

**SUPPORT OFFICER**

William Zunk

**CLERICAL STAFF**

Rose Foisy - Administrative Secretary to Judge  
Dawn Balbaugh - Secretary to Judge  
Denise Pacynski - Secretary to Judge  
Maureen Townsley - Administrative Secretary to Court Administrator  
Darlene Piojda - Administrative Secretary to Business Manager  
Lenora Nelson - Chief Bookkeeper  
Dolores Harrison - Bookkeeper  
Donna Pendrey - Account Clerk  
Linda Roder - Account Clerk  
Margaret Sadowski - Clerk  
Cynthia Rizzo - Time Coordinator

**ASSIGNMENT COMMISSIONER**

Rebecca Chriss - Assignment Clerk  
Bridget Bovee - Typist

**REFEREE DEPARTMENT**

Ellen Jones - Chief Referee  
Judy Fornof  
Brian Goodell  
Donna Greenfield  
William Hutcheson  
Donna Mitchell  
Rosalie Musachio  
Cynthia Schuler  
Tom Stebbins  
Geoffrey Waggoner  
Joyce Woods  
John Yerman

**MARSHAL**

Norton Cassady

**CLERICAL STAFF**

Janice Thieman - Senior Secretary  
Shirley Allen  
Stella Barringer  
Kristina Brock  
Missy Couture  
Sharon Ferguson  
Beverly Heath  
Judith Keith  
Beth Kurtz  
Debra Neal  
Mary Sattler  
Marsha Sewell  
Barbara Sidle  
Patricia Soto  
Joyce Vargo

**C.A.R.E.S. (Chemical Abuse Reduced through Education and Services)**

Eleanor Brazzill - Secretary

**C.A.S.A. (Court Appointed Special Advocates)**

Irene Nugent - Coordinator  
Susan Staelin - Community Relations Specialist  
Constance Gallette - Community Relations Specialist Assistant  
Henrietta Galyas - Secretary  
Marilyn Leddy - Secretary - Part-time

**C.R.B. (Citizens Review Board)**

Irene Nugent - Coordinator  
Marge Jacob - Secretary

**COURT RUNNER**

Chris Allen - Part-time  
Judith Misko - Part-time  
Jeffrey Nossaman - Part-time  
Hugh Woo - Part-time

NOTE: Not all on payroll at same time.

**D.Y.S. LIAISON (Department of Youth Services)**

Richard Daley  
Marilyn Leddy - Secretary - Part-time

**DATA CONTROL/RECORDS**

William Ruby - Supervisor of Data Control  
Judith Frosch - Computer Operator  
Regina Fleck - Statistician  
Melody Brown - Statistician  
Diane Snyder - Statistician  
Harry Reichow - File Room Supervisor  
Della Gafeney  
Arthur Jones

**DEPENDENCY INVESTIGATOR**

Xan Lawrence

**JUVENILE CLERKS**

Mary Shroyer - Supervisor  
Mary King - IV-D Supervisor  
Birdie Hogan - Senior Clerk  
Julie Berger  
Terry Blazey  
Loletta Clemens  
Cheryl Coleman  
Joanne Combs  
Carolyn Crosby  
Beth Dunn  
Carol Edwards  
Carol Green  
Charline Hardy  
Judith Johnston  
Joanne Killam  
Marjorie Koch  
Patricia Krohn  
Tracy Lambert  
Shawn Leary  
Ellen Luda  
Michelle Lutes  
Jean McClellan  
Jeanmarie Spinazze  
Karen Wlodarski - Part-time

**RECEPTIONISTS**

Rosemary Dunn  
Carolyn Flanagan  
Lisa Wenzel

**SCHOOL LIAISON**

Leroy Lucius

**UNOFFICIAL HEARING OFFICER**

Fred Whitman

**PROBATION SERVICES**

**ADMINISTRATOR**

Deborah Hodges

**ASSISTANT ADMINISTRATOR**

Catherine Champion

**SUPERVISORS**

Jeff Acocks  
Antonio Garrett  
Nancy Malone  
Henry Norwood  
Ann Roberts  
Sandra Strong

**PROBATION OFFICERS**

Pamela Bechtol  
Michael Brennan  
Madonna Conrad  
Connie Darling  
Cheryl Gerwin  
Polly Hecht  
Tara Hobbs  
Judy Hohenberger  
Stephen Lewandowski  
Michael Linthicum  
Faye Lorenzo  
Elizabeth Messenger  
Willi Meyer  
Mary Nolan  
Kim Oats  
Denise Perry  
Fred Porter  
Kathleen Potter  
Ellie Rieker  
Lorenzo Salazar  
Carol Schwab  
Walter Smith  
Frank Stuber  
Maurice Sturdivant  
Dero Sudduth  
John Thomas  
Martin Turner  
Larry Twitchell  
Dave Wigent  
Rebecca Williams

**PROBATION SURVEILLANCE**

John Flowers  
Dave Rieker

**DIVERSION PROGRAM**

Margaret Williams - Coordinator

**PLACEMENT CONSORTIUM**

Kathleen Connolly

**RESTITUTION PROGRAM**

Gary Lenhart - Coordinator  
Joseph Schwartz - Supervisor  
Janice Knapp - Victim Mediation Specialist  
Robert Beemer - Crew Leader  
Johnny Carrillo - Crew Leader  
Dorine Smith - Crew Leader  
Kevin Szenderski - Crew Leader  
James Thorrington - Crew Leader  
Tyrone Tyson - Crew Leader  
Jeffrey Westfall - Crew Leader

**SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES**

Richard Sansbury - Coordinator  
Sandra Scherf

**VOLUNTEER PROBATION OFFICER PROGRAM**

Andrea Loch - Coordinator

**CLERICAL**

Marcille Yerman - Administrative Secretary  
Sandra Fry - Probation Programs  
Lucy Cowan  
Dawn Houttekier  
Lori Lewallen  
Marcia McNulty  
Sandra Hardiman - Receptionist

**CHILD STUDY INSTITUTE - 1989**

**ADMINISTRATOR**

Lawrence P. Murphy

**SENIOR SUPERVISORS**

D. Pete Holzemer - Boys Floor  
Pauline Dedes - Girls Floor

**BOYS LEADERS**

Tom Holzemer - Senior Leader  
Daniel Graham - Relief Supervisor  
Michael Layson - Supervisor  
Bruce Williams - Supervisor  
Donald Adamski  
Jeffrey Arman  
Robert Begley  
Keith Brandon  
James Carswell  
Steve Cothorn  
Sam Dedes  
Cornell Grant  
William Hayes  
Orlandus Hearn  
Tryphosa Hill  
Gerald Jones  
Dale Meyer  
William Noon  
Loren Noyes  
Christopher Riester  
Brooks Rollins  
Ralph Sochacki  
Robert Warner  
Gary Waterstradt  
Tom Wojciechowski  
Tyrone Tyson - Part-time  
Dave Deppen - Program Director

**GIRLS LEADERS**

Victoria Bartlett  
Margaret Castillo  
Tracie Crumby  
Jill Essex  
Minnie Glaspie  
Kathleen Kessler  
Kathleen Linenkugel  
Verna Moore  
Mary Smith  
Barbara Tokatlidis  
Lorean Whitaker  
Kim Oats - Part-time

**INTAKE OFFICERS**

John Batson  
Robert Blumberg  
Carl C. Guy  
Nancy Squires  
David Wagner  
Antonio Garrett - Part-time  
Willi Meyer - Part-time  
Henry Norwood - Part-time  
Fred Porter - Part-time  
Harry Reichow - Part-time  
Sandra Strong - Part-time

**MEDICAL CLINIC**

Isador Binzer - M.D.  
Isador Kass - M.D.  
Joan Coghlin - R.N.  
Lou Ann Forche - R.N.  
Joan Morningstar - R.N.  
Bernadette Wilczynski - R.N.

**PSYCHOLOGISTS**

Dorothy Haverbusch - Chief Psychologist  
Theresa McCarthy Acocks  
Cheryll Douglass-Leonard

**SECURITY**

Dale Siefke  
John Jackson  
Woody McCreary  
Ronald Thomas  
Lynette Russell - Part-time

**CLERICAL**

Mary Ann Navis

**COOKS**

Jennie Collins  
Dorothy Cowden  
Michelle Holzemer  
Judy Khan  
Patricia Messenger  
Rebecca Wren

**LOTTIE FORD SCHOOL (Toledo Board of Education)**

Mark Langenderfer - Principal  
Susan Faneuff  
Steve Kolinski  
Beryle McCloskey

**SPECIALIZED INSTRUCTION**

Joanne Shapler - Arts & Crafts  
Willie Loper - Night School

**TRANSPORTATION**

Carl S. Guy

**YOUTH SERVICES ADVISORY BOARD - 1989**

**Mike Kilbride, Chairperson**  
**Sandy Isenberg, Vice Chairperson**  
**Crystal Ellis, Secretary**  
**Tom Baker**  
**William Bates**  
**Harry Crenshaw**  
**Shirley Green**  
**Patricia Holmberg**  
**James Holzemer**  
**Francine Lawrence**  
**Jane Moore**  
**Juanita Price**  
**Auturo Quintero**  
**William Sanford**  
**Sister Julie Marie**